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Benchmarking of public and local cloud resources

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Outline

- Introduction
  - Cloud computing
  - Benchmarks
- Benchmarks used
- Automation of the process
- Obtained results

What is Cloud computing?

- A cloud is a collection of services and infrastructure accessible from anywhere in the network
- It improves on the concept of Grid computing by adding an on-demand resource provisioning and a layer of virtualization
- Thanks to this, resources are not static, but dynamically reallocated, maximizing their efficiency.
- Allows the sharing of resources for the users and the achievement of an economy of scale for the host
- Allows for enterprises the on-demand expansion of their computing capabilities, with no upfront commitment of money

Models of cloud servicies

- Software as a service (SaaS)
  - Allows user to gain access to software and databases on a pay-per-use basis
- Platform as a service (PaaS)
  - Computing platform are provided to the user, allowing for more simple and cost effective development of software and applications
- Infrastructure as a service (IaaS)
  - Provides the user with access to virtualized or bare metal machine within the cloud
  - Can be used to expand current computing power through Cloudbrusting

The cloud project

- Aims to set up a scientific private IaaS cloud at Fermilab
- Allows a dynamic and more flexible allocation of resources on a on demand basis without requiring the intervention of system administrator
- A local cloud can be used to share resources not in use with partner institutions
- By switching to a hybrid cloud, extra computing power can be harnessed when needed through cloudbursting, from platfroms like AWS

What is benchmarking?

- A series of tests to assess the capabilities of the hardware and software of the machine of interest
- Gives a metric to compare the performance of machines with different architecture
- Both standard benchmarks and specific ones (that mimics part of the workload of a full job) can be used

Why is it needed?

- Help to determine which machines are most suited to run your jobs on
- Allows the optimization of the allocation of resources
- Gives an estimation of how long the job will need to run
- Fundamental for determining a system specs will satisfy the requirement of the project

Benchmarks used

- $t\bar{t}$bar_gensim
- hepspec06
- Bandwidth throughput tests
  - Amazon s3 up/download
  - FermiGrid
  - cmseos

Benchmarks used

- $t\bar{t}$bar_gensim
  - Simulates the generation of a small (150) number of ttbar events.
  - Give metrics specific for a full CMS job based on the ttbar/s result
- hepspec06
  - Smaller package of the more notorious collection of benchmarks SPEC2006
  - Stress the CPU and compiler of the system
  - Gives a more standard metric for comparison of resources

Benchmarks used

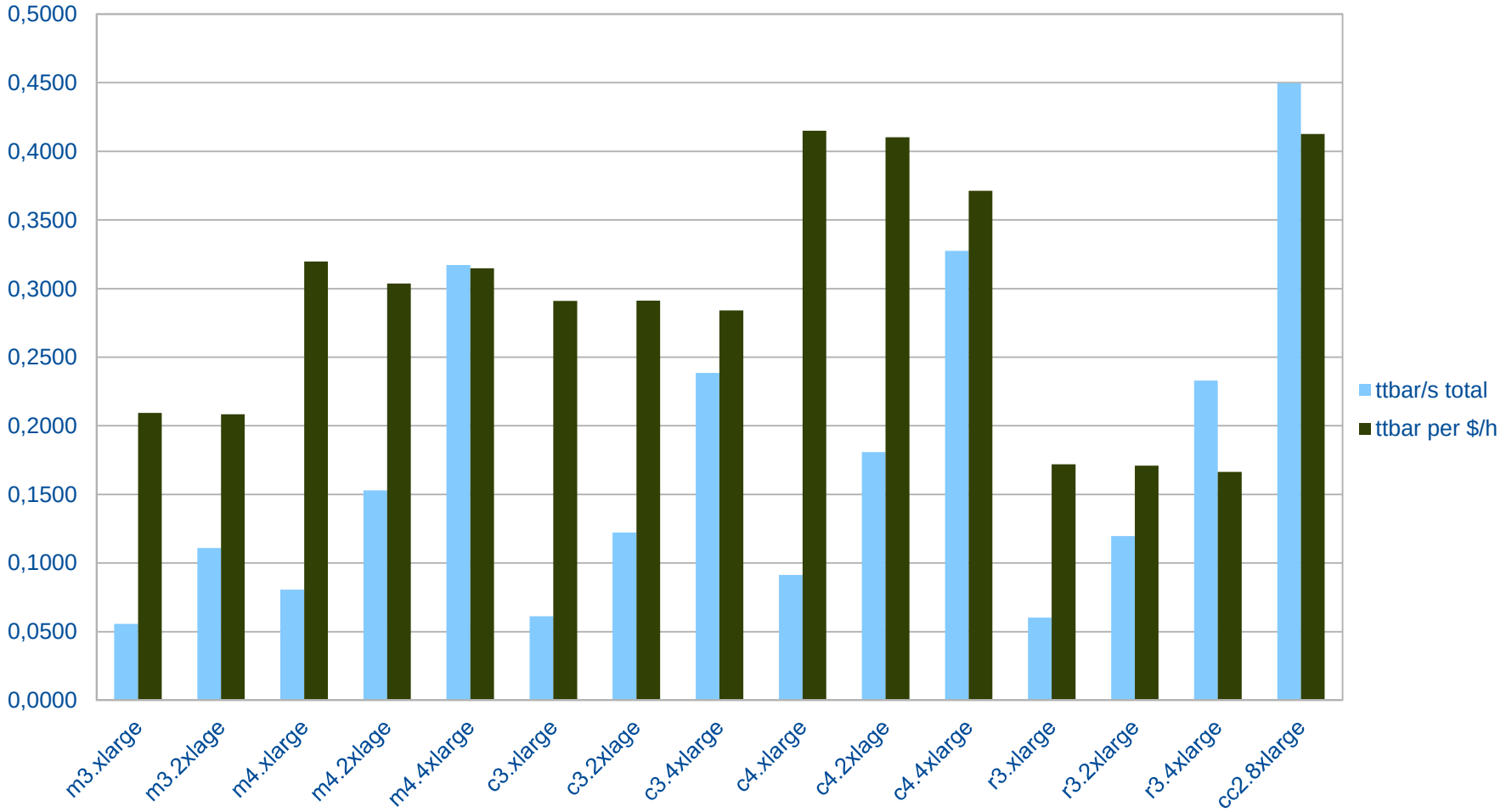
- Bandwidth throughput tests
  - Amazon s3: Simultaneous up/download of 1, 10 and 100 1GB files, form up to 25VMs contemporarily
  - FermiGrid: Simulation of a CMS job upload of data to the FermiGrid using parallel streams and multiple VMs contemporarily
  - Cmseos: Simulation of a CMS job upload of data to the FermiGrid using parallel streams and multiple VMs contemporarily (different dCache)

Automation of the process

- Script to automatically launch benchmarks on multiple machines:
  - aws_launch_benchmark.sh + instructions
- Script to automatically crop the results of the benchmarks:
  - crop_results.sh
- Script to automatically log in into aws machines:
  - aws_login.sh

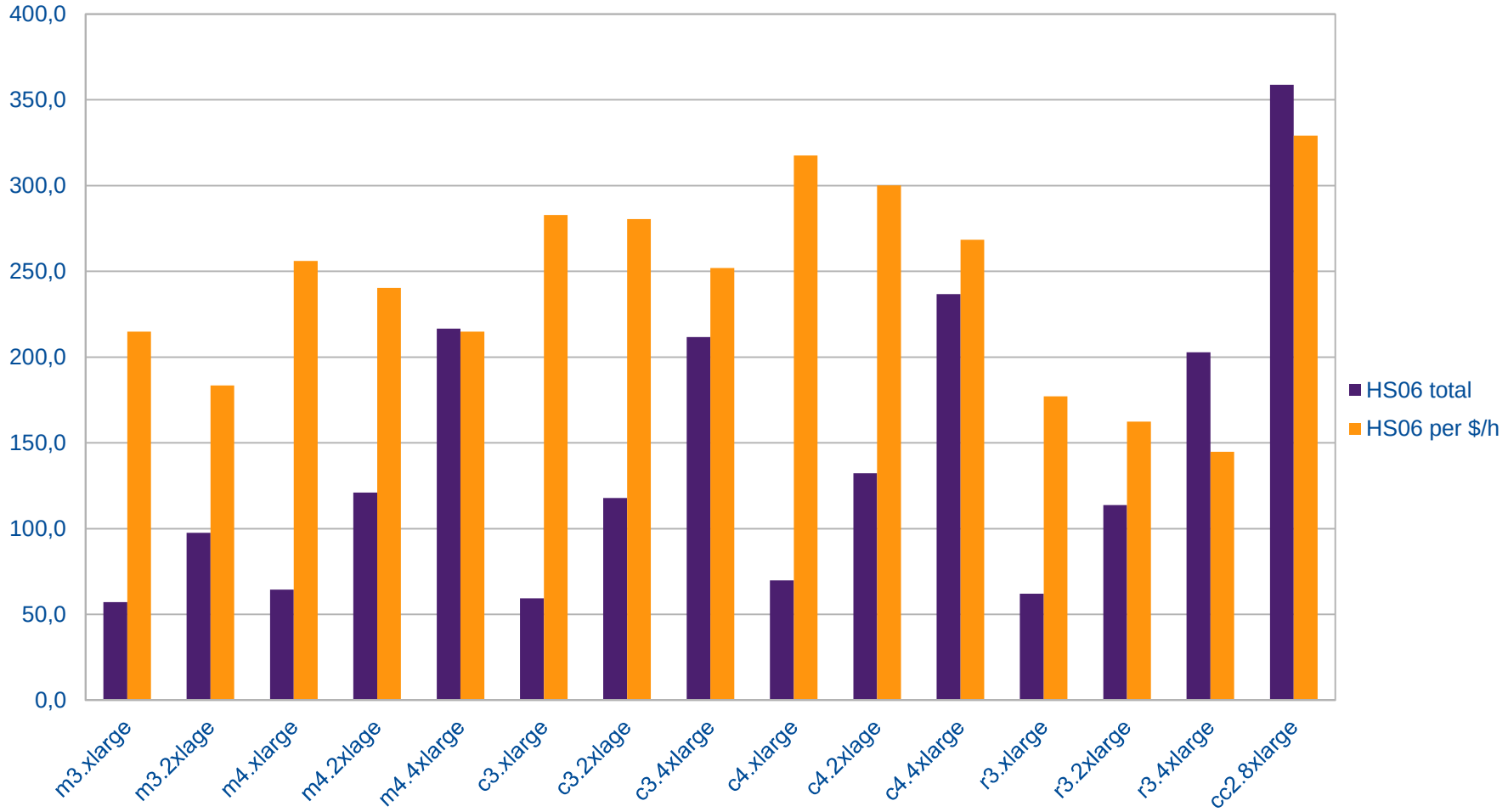
Obtained results

- $t\bar{t}$bar_gensim



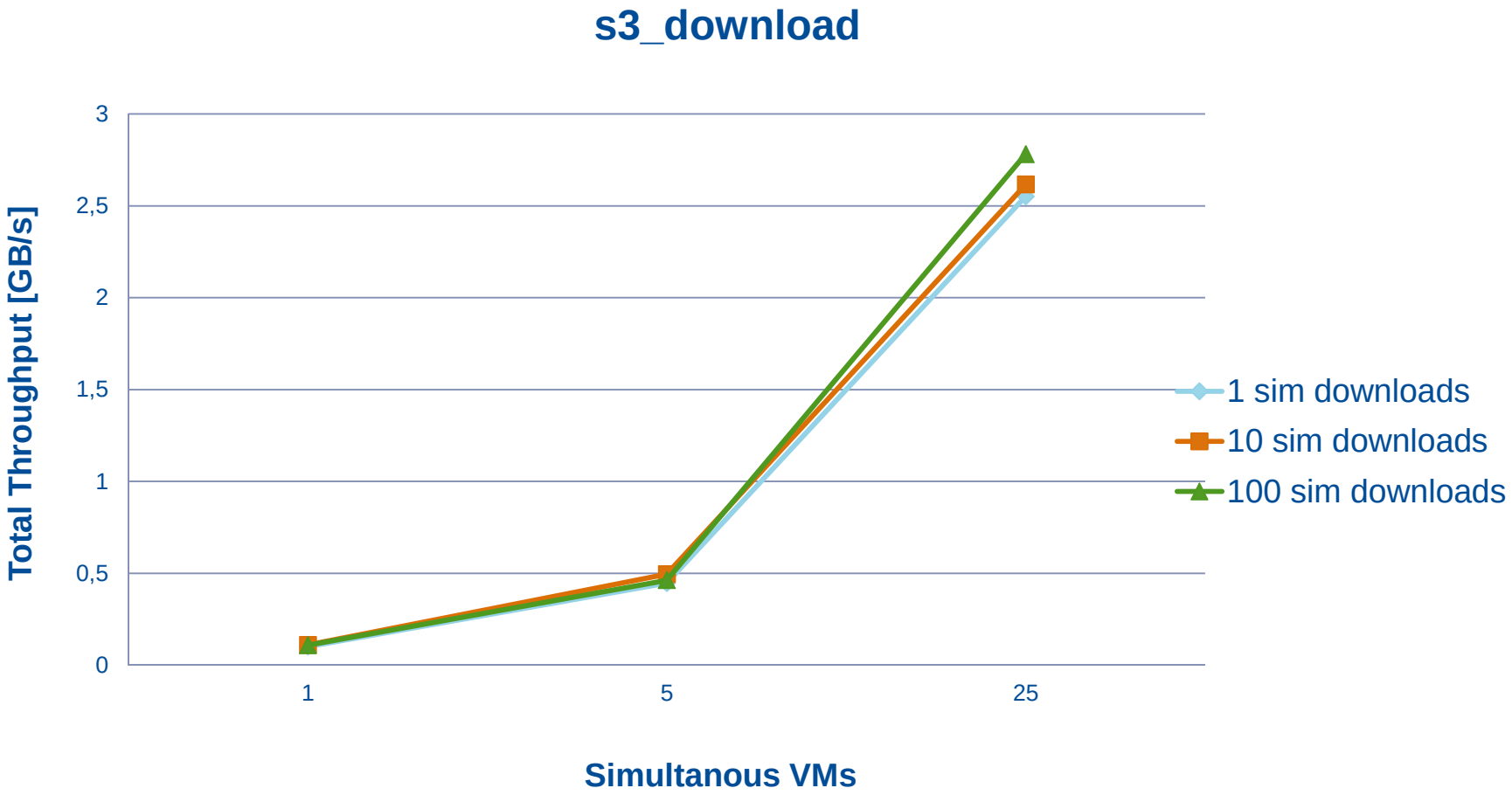
Obtained results

- hepspec06



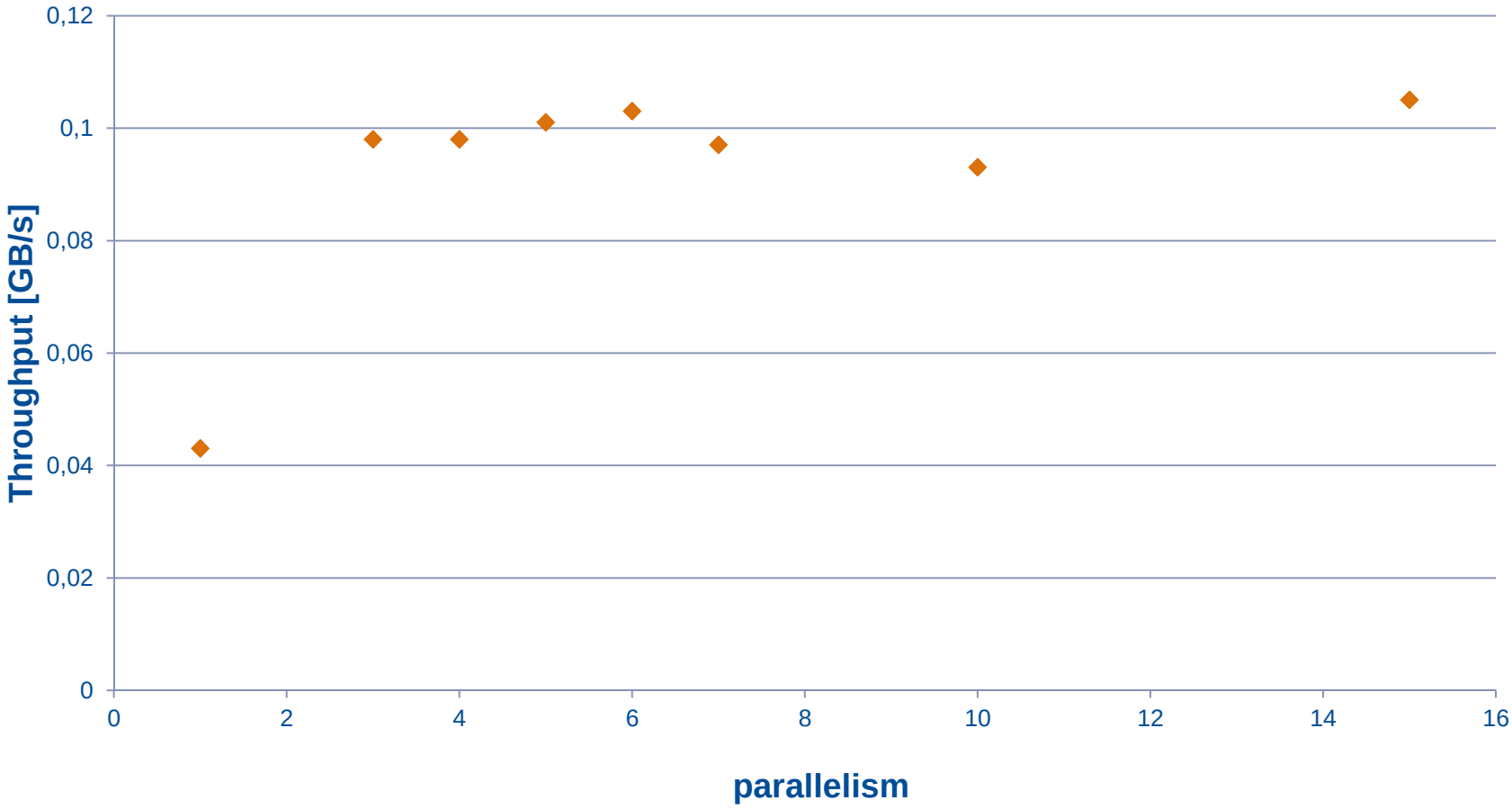
Obtained results

- Amazon s3



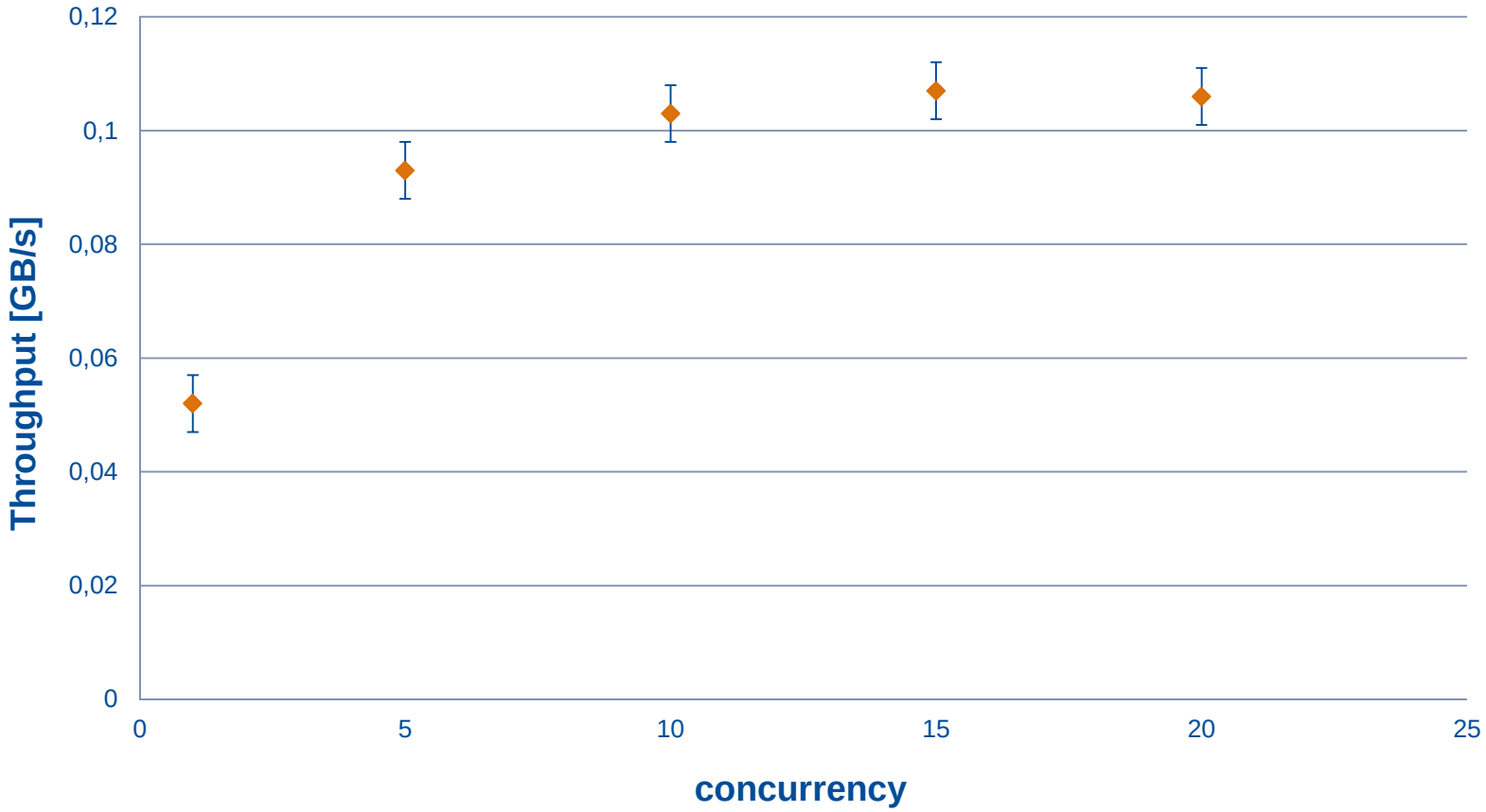
Obtained results

- Parallelism test for BW



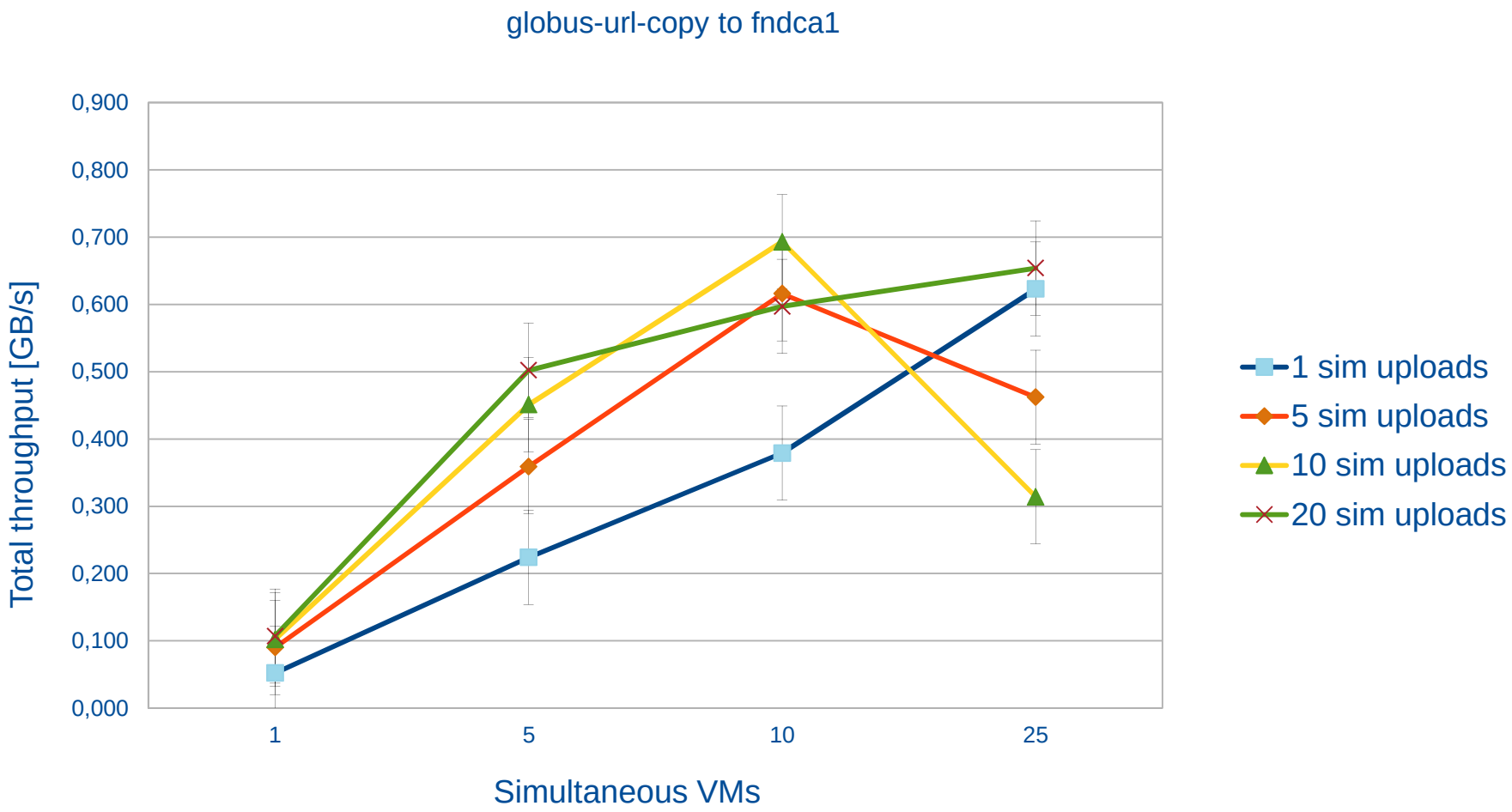
Obtained results

- Concurrency test for BW



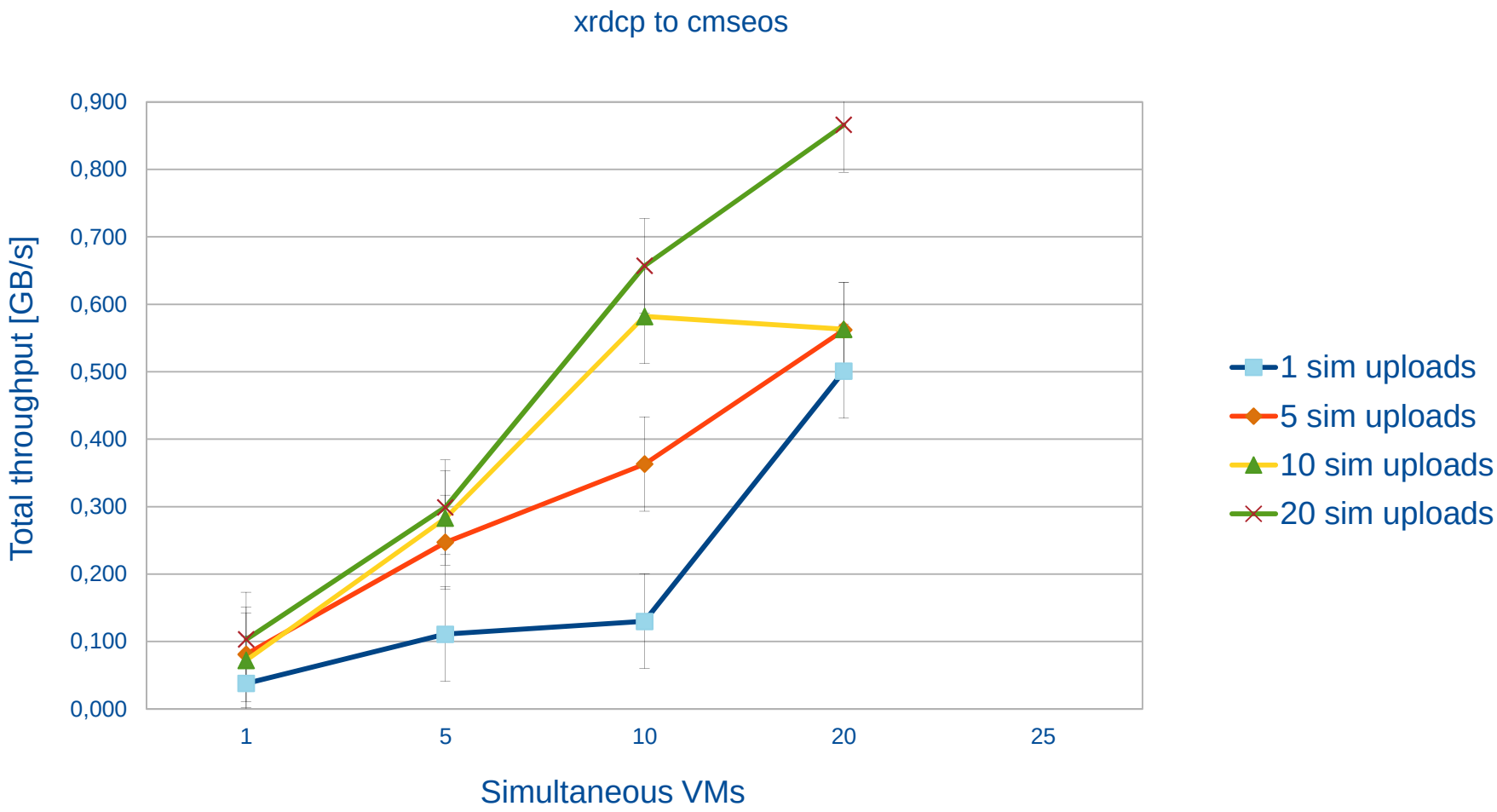
Obtained results

- Globus-url-copy to FermiGrid



Obtained results

- xrdcp to cmseos



Thanks for your attention